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RULE-MAKING ORDER PERMANENT RULE ONLY

CR-103P (December 2017) (Implements RCW 34.05.360)

OFFICE OF THE CODE REVISER STATE OF WASHINGTON FILED

DATE: January 28, 2020 TIME: 9:29 AM

WSR 20-04-026

Agency: Department of Health- Medical Quality Assurance Commission Effective date of rule: Permanent Rules \boxtimes 31 days after filing. Other (specify) (If less than 31 days after filing, a specific finding under RCW 34.05.380(3) is required and should be stated below) Any other findings required by other provisions of law as precondition to adoption or effectiveness of rule? ☐ Yes \boxtimes No If Yes, explain: Purpose: WAC 246-919-865 (physicians) Patient notification, secure storage, and disposal and WAC 246-918-815 (physician assistants) Patient notification, secure storage, and disposal. The Washington Medical Commission (commission) adopted amendments to establish patient notification, documentation, counseling requirements, and right to refuse an opioid prescription or order for any reason, when prescribing opioid drugs, as directed by sections 8 and 9, codified as RCW 18.71.810, RCW 18.71A.810, and section 17, codified as RCW 69.50.317, of Substitute Senate Bill (SSB) 5380 (chapter 314, Laws of 2019). The commission also adopted clarifications of when notification is not required. Citation of rules affected by this order: New: None Repealed: None Amended: WAC 246-919-865 and WAC 246-918-815 Suspended: None Statutory authority for adoption: RCW 18.71.017, RCW 18.71.810, RCW 18.71A.810 Other authority: RCW 69.50.317 PERMANENT RULE (Including Expedited Rule Making) Adopted under notice filed as WSR 19-21-143 on 10/22/2019 (date). Describe any changes other than editing from proposed to adopted version: There were no changes from the proposed to adopted version. If a preliminary cost-benefit analysis was prepared under RCW 34.05.328, a final cost-benefit analysis is available by contacting: Name: Amelia Boyd Address: PO Box 47866, Olympia, WA 98504-7866 Phone: (360) 236-2727 Fax: N/A TTY: (360) 833-6388 or 711 Email: amelia.boyd@wmc.wa.gov Web site: wmc.wa.gov Other:

Note: If any category is le No descriptive text		nk, it	will be calc	ulate	d as zero.	
Count by whole WAC sections only A section may be c					nistory note.	
The number of sections adopted in order to comply	y with:					
Federal statute:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Federal rules or standards:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Recently enacted state statutes:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>2</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted at the request of a	a nongo	vernmen	tal entity:			
	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted in the agency's ov	wn initia	itive:				
	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted in order to clarify,	, stream	line, or r	eform agency p	procedu	ires:	
	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
The number of sections adopted using:						
Negotiated rule making:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Pilot rule making:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>0</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
Other alternative rule making:	New	<u>0</u>	Amended	<u>2</u>	Repealed	<u>0</u>
ate Adopted: 12/12/2019		Signatu	re:			
Name: Melanie de Leon						
Title: Executive Director						

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-23-061, filed 11/16/18, effective 1/1/19)

WAC 246-919-865 Patient notification, secure storage, and disposal. (1) The physician shall ((ensure the patient is provided)) discuss with the patient the following information at the first issuance of a prescription for opioids and at the transition from acute to subacute, and subacute to chronic:

(a) Risks associated with the use of opioids, including the risk of dependence and overdose, as appropriate to the medical condition, the type of patient, and the phase of treatment;

(b) <u>Pain management alternatives to opioids, including nonopioid</u> <u>pharmacological and nonpharmacological treatments, whenever reasona-</u> <u>ble, clinically appropriate, evidence-based alternatives exist;</u>

(c) The safe and secure storage of opioid prescriptions; ((and

(c)) (d) The proper disposal of unused opioid medications including, but not limited to, the availability of recognized drug takeback programs((\div

(2)))<u>; and</u>

(e) That the patient has the right to refuse an opioid prescription or order for any reason. If a patient indicates a desire to not receive an opioid, the physician must document the patient's request and avoid prescribing or ordering opioids, unless the request is revoked by the patient.

(2) The requirements in subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the administration of an opioid including, but not limited to, the following situations as documented in the patient record:

(a) Emergent care;

(b) Where patient pain represents a significant health risk;

(c) Procedures involving the administration of anesthesia;

(d) When the patient is unable to grant or revoke consent; or

(e) MAT for substance use disorders.

(3) If the patient is under eighteen years old or is not competent, the discussion required by subsection (1) of this section must include the patient's parent, guardian, or the person identified in RCW 7.70.065, unless otherwise provided by law.

(4) The physician shall document completion of the requirements in subsection (1) of this section in the patient's health care record.

(5) The information in subsection (1) of this section must also <u>be provided in writing</u>. This requirement may be satisfied with a document provided by the department of health.

(6) To fulfill the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, a physician may designate any individual who holds a credential issued by a disciplining authority under RCW 18.130.040 to provide the information. AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 18-23-061, filed 11/16/18, effective 1/1/19)

WAC 246-918-815 Patient notification, secure storage, and disposal. (1) The physician assistant shall ((ensure)) discuss with the patient ((is provided)) the following information at the first issuance of a prescription for opioids and at the transition from acute to subacute, and subacute to chronic:

(a) Risks associated with the use of opioids, including the risk of dependence and overdose, as appropriate to the medical condition, the type of patient, and the phase of treatment;

(b) <u>Pain management alternatives to opioids, including nonopioid</u> <u>pharmacological and nonpharmacological treatments, whenever reasona-</u> <u>ble, clinically appropriate, evidence-based alternatives exist;</u>

(c) The safe and secure storage of opioid prescriptions; ((and

(c)) (d) The proper disposal of unused opioid medications including, but not limited to, the availability of recognized drug takeback programs ((\div

(2)))<u>; and</u>

(e) That the patient has the right to refuse an opioid prescription or order for any reason. If a patient indicates a desire to not receive an opioid, the physician assistant must document the patient's request and avoid prescribing or ordering opioids, unless the request is revoked by the patient.

(2) The requirements in subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the administration of an opioid including, but not limited to, the following situations as documented in the patient record:

(a) Emergent care;

(b) Where patient pain represents a significant health risk;

(c) Procedures involving the administration of anesthesia;

(d) When the patient is unable to grant or revoke consent; or

(e) MAT for substance use disorders.

(3) If the patient is under eighteen years old or is not competent, the discussion required by subsection (1) of this section must include the patient's parent, guardian, or the person identified in RCW 7.70.065, unless otherwise provided by law.

(4) The physician assistant shall document completion of the requirements in subsection (1) of this section in the patient's health care record.

(5) The information in subsection (1) of this section must also <u>be provided in writing</u>. This requirement may be satisfied with a document provided by the department of health.

(6) To fulfill the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, a physician assistant may designate any individual who holds a credential issued by a disciplining authority under RCW 18.130.040 to provide the information.